1	2	3	4	5
Electro Porcelain Division, Bangalore	1.10	1.66	2.76	2.64
Heavy Equipment Repair. Plant, Varanasi	1.49	1.63	1.77	2.15
Component Fabrication Plant, Rudrapur	(.22)	(1.92)	(.69)	0.003
Industrial Valves Plant, Goindwal	.51	.87	.38	.17
Insulator Plant Jagdishpur	(6.49)	(8.10)	(7.72)	(9.2)

Preparation of project reports by National Small Scale Corporation

3717. SHRI G.Y. KRISHNAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that National Small Scale Industry Corporation New Delhi offers about 156, SSI projects to entrepreneurs on turn key basis and issued a booklet for their reference and use;

(b) whether it is a fact that these projects/proposals are on papers and no project profile has been prepared by the Corporation as on date; and

(c) what are the reasons for delay for preparing the project reports and by when it is likely to be available to the entrepreneurs for their reference and use?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES AND AGRO AND RURAL INDUSTRIES) AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P.J. KURIEN): (a) Yes, Sir. According to National Small Industries Corporation, it offers a large range of Small Industrial Projects for export from India on turn-key basis. Corporation has issued project profiles covering a large segment of industry, besides three books on Project Ideas from NSIC' covering 199 project Ideas. Corporation has also issued a booklet under reference which contains 70 Project Ideas.

(b) Corporation has already prepared Project Profiles and has also computerised system in this regard.

(c) Corporation is providing basic information to the interested entrepreneurs so as to help them to prepare feasibility and project reports against the requirement of various financial institutions.

पोर्टफोलियो प्रबंध स्कीम के अंतर्गत सरकारी क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों की जमा राशियां

3718. डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन:
श्री राम जेठमलानी:

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान दिनांक 19 सितम्बर, 1992 के "फाइनैंशियल एक्सप्रेस" में "148 क्लाइंट्स ऑफ एस, बी, ई, कैप्स लोस्ट रूपीज़ 121 करोड़स" नामक शीर्षक के अंतर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह सच है कि विगत में देश के 148 सरकारी क्षेत्र उपक्रमों ने पोर्टफोलियो प्रबंध स्कीम के अंतर्गत विभिन्न वित्तीय संस्थानों में धनराशि जमा की थी;

(ग) यदि हां, तो गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान किन-किन वित्तीय संस्थाओं में कुल कितनी राशि जमा की गई थी;

(घ) क्या यह भी सच है कि इन उपक्रमों को इस वजह से 121 करोड़ रुपयों का नुकसान हुआ है; और

(ङ) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है तथा किन-किन वित्तीय संस्थाओं द्वारा किन-किन

सरकारी क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों को देय राशि का पुनर्भुगतान नहीं किया गया?

उद्योग मंत्रालय (भारी उद्योग विभाग और लोक उद्यम विभाग) में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी॰के॰ थुंगन): (क) से (ङ) सूचना एकत्रित की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

Employment generation under National Renewal Fund

3719. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of the second part of National Renewal Fund known as Employment Generation Fund;

(b) whether the employment generation schemes have been finalised which would receive resources from the fund;

(c) if so, the details thereof both for organised and unorganised sectors; and

(d) the number of persons expected to be provoded with employment under the scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT) (SMT. KRISHNA SAHI): (a) The second part of the National Renewal Fund known as the Employment Generation Fund (EGF) will provide resources for approved employment generation schemes for both the organised and unorganised sectors. This includes schemes such as:—

(i) Special programmes designed to regenerate employment opportunities in areas affected by industrial restructuring.

(ii) employment generation schemes for the unorganised sector in defined areas

(b) to (d) As is evident from the scop of the Employment Generation Fund outlined above, identification of such schemes as would receive funds in the specified areas of industrial restructuring would be a continuous process. In the unorganised sector, it is expected that assistance from the Employment Generation Fund would help in generation of additional employment of about 162 million man days during 1992-93, under Jawahar Rozgar Yojna.

Sick industrial units

3720. SHRI AJIT P.K. JOGI: CHOWDHRY HARI SINGH:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of small scale medium and large scale industrial units, which are sick as on date in the country particularly in the State of Madhya Pradesh;

(b) what is the amount of capital and labour employed in these sick industrial units; and

(c) the steps taken by Government for revival of these units?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT) (SMT. KRISHNA SAHI): (a) Data on sick industrial units assisted by banks in the country are compiled by the Reserve Bank of India. According to the latest RBI data, 221472 units in the small scale sector and 1461 units in the non-small scale sector were sick in the country as at the end of March, 1991. 17146 units in the small scale sector and 48 units in the non-small sector were reported sick in the State of Madhya Pradesh as at the end of March. 1991.

(b) Such details are not maintained centrally.

(c) Detailed guidelines have been issued by the Reserve Bank of India on formulation and implementation of rehabilitation packages in respect of sick and weak units considered potentially viable. Rehabilitation packages, inter-alia, provide for funding of existing dues of banks and financial institutions with